



**San
Clemente**
THE SPANISH VILLAGE BY THE SEA



Nature-Based Coastal Project Feasibility Study

Community Meeting #2

Thursday, February 29th, 2024



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Welcome & Introductions

- Mark Enmeier, Mayor Pro Tem
- Andy Hall, City Manager
- Leslea Meyerhoff, AICP, Coastal Administrator
- Chris Webb, Principal Coastal Scientist, Moffatt & Nichol
- Justin Peglow, Coastal Scientist, Moffatt & Nichol



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Meeting Agenda

- Open House: 4pm - 4:30pm
- Welcome & Introductions: 4:30pm
- Presentation by the Team: 4:45pm
- Listening Session & Q&A : 5:45pm
- Adjourn: By 7pm



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Nature Based Study Objectives

- Identify nature-based projects to retain sand & widen sandy beach
- Complement existing & planned beach sand replenishment projects
 - ✓ USACE 50-year beach sand replenishment project
 - ✓ SANDAG RBSP III
 - ✓ SCOUP Projects
 - ✓ South Orange County Collaborative Beach Sand Project?
- Design for co-benefits: widen beach, enhance recreation & natural resources
- Coordinate & collaborate with full range of stakeholders



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Purpose of Community Meeting #2

- Share revised preliminary designs and some new concepts
- Some designs have been dropped from consideration
 - Public input: drop cobble delta concept
- Receive community input: revise and/or fine tune designs
- Present draft design report in Spring 2024 for public review



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What we heard from the Community

- Protection of the sandy, walkable public beach is a top priority
- The sandy beach is essential to a quality of life in San Clemente
- San Clemente's beach is an important asset and amenity
- Beach supports long-term community vitality and character
- Community does not want experimental or unproven solutions

San Clemente Nature- Based Coastal Resiliency Project Feasibility Study

*Revised Alternative
Conceptual Schematics for
Draft Feasibility Report*

M&N – Justin Peglow & Chris Webb

February 2024



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Design Concept Criteria

Design Components Include:

1. Community Resilience Benefit
2. Recreational Preservation or Enhancement
3. Fish, Wildlife, and Ecological Protection / Benefit
4. Proof of Concept
5. Transferability / Scalability Beyond the Funded Project



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Phased Approach

The Entire Effort Depends on Wide Beaches to Succeed

- Current Phase – Large-Scale Beach Sand Nourishment
- Phase 1 – Sand Retention with Beach Sand Nourishment
- Phase 2 – Living Shorelines with Beach Sand Nourishment After Wide Beaches Exist

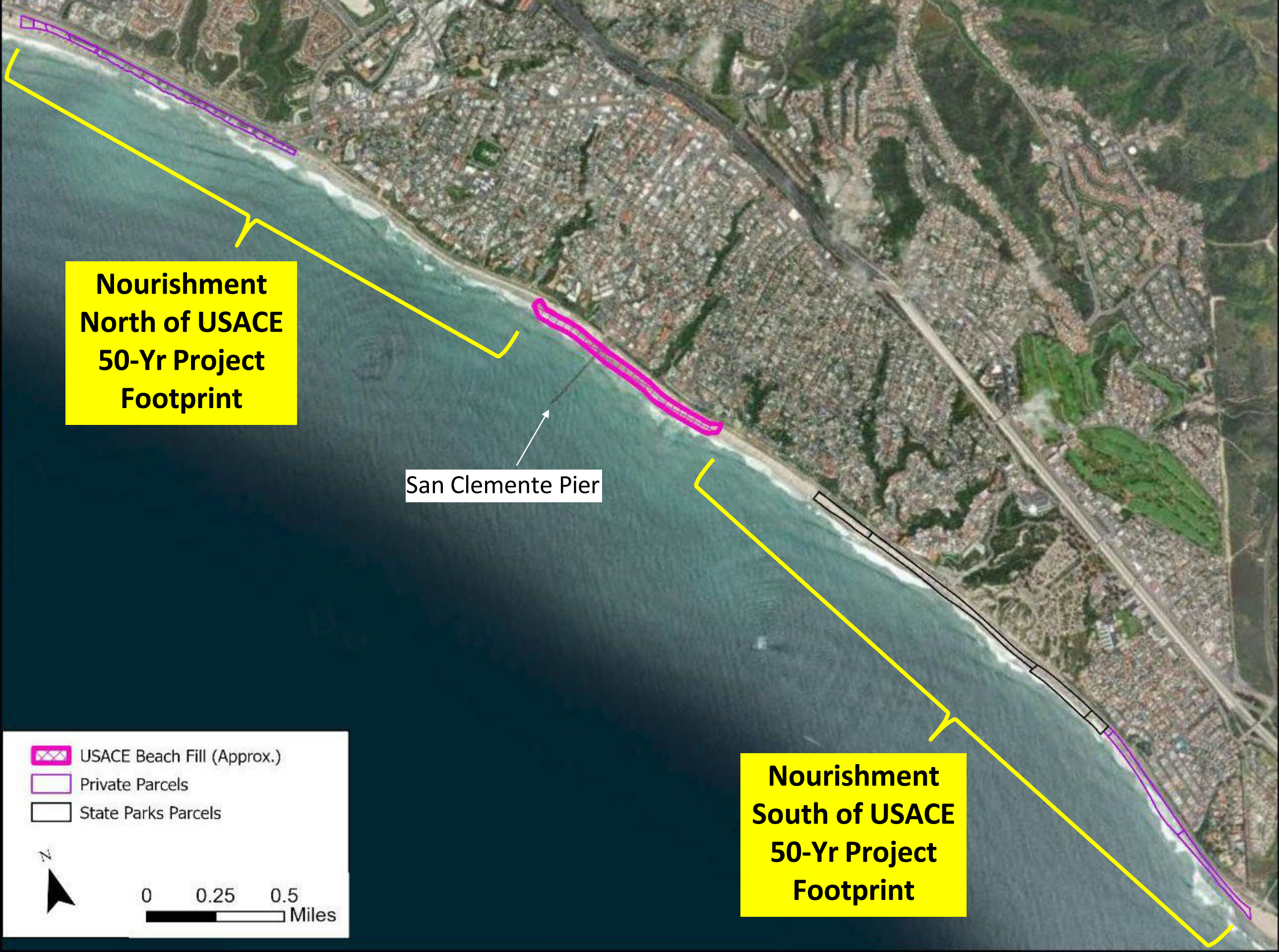


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Current Phase – Large-Scale Beach Sand Nourishment

- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 50-Year Project.
- San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) RBSP III.
- Supplement With a Sand Compatibility and Opportunistic Use Program (SCOUP) for Smaller-Scale Nourishment Opportunities.
- Potential South Orange County Beach Sand Project?






**Nourishment
North of USACE
50-Yr Project
Footprint**

San Clemente Pier

**Nourishment
South of USACE
50-Yr Project
Footprint**

Legend:

-  USACE Beach Fill (Approx.)
-  Private Parcels
-  State Parks Parcels

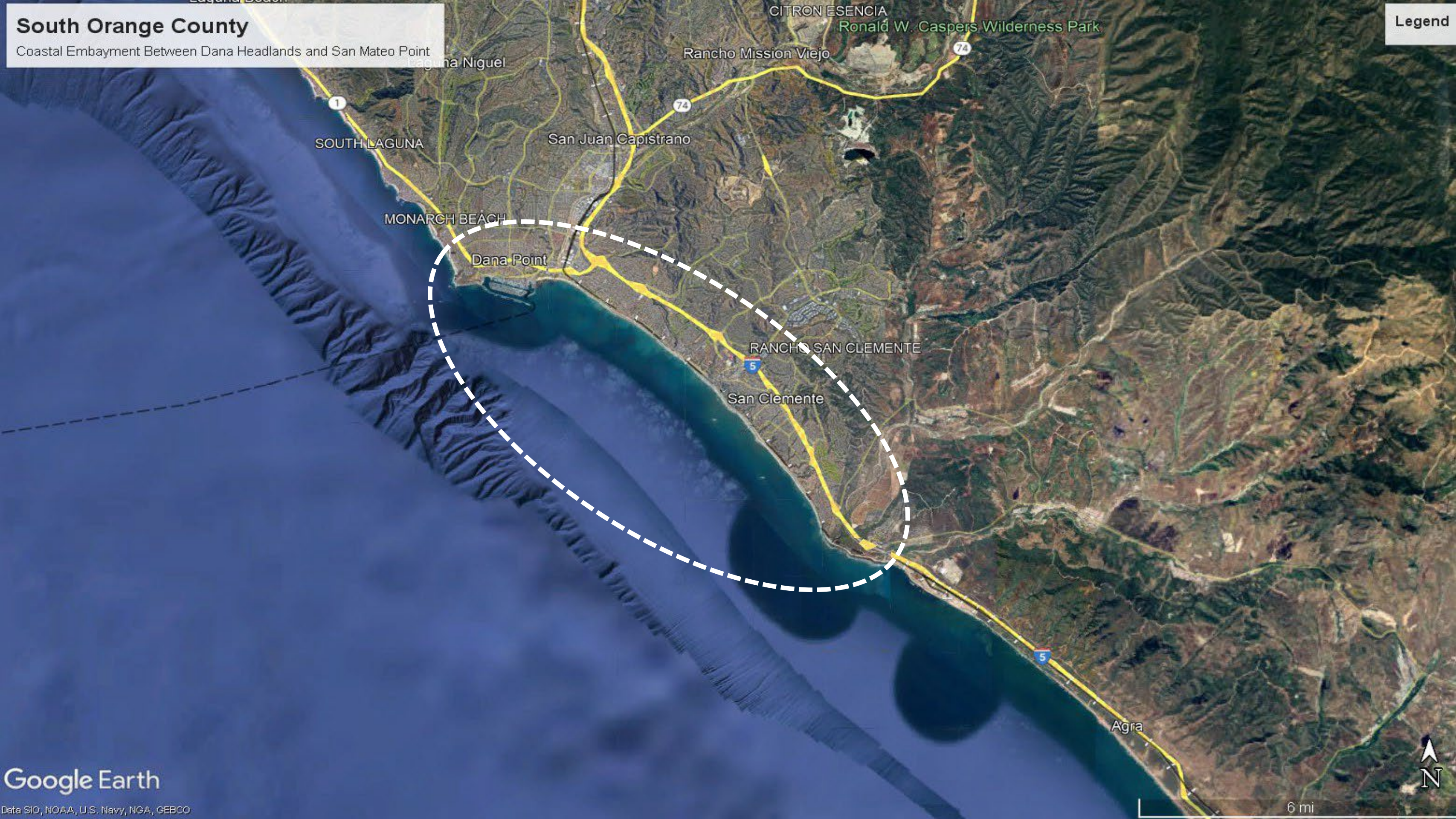
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North arrow

South Orange County

Coastal Embayment Between Dana Headlands and San Mateo Point

Legend



SOUTH LAGUNA

MONARCH BEACH

Dana Point

San Juan Capistrano

RANCHO SAN CLEMENTE

San Clemente

Rancho Mission Viejo

Ronald W. Caspers Wilderness Park

Agra



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Sand Volume Needed = 7 Million CY

- Assumes 250-foot-wide beach is needed everywhere for 5.94 million square feet of beach over 4.5 miles of City beach.
- Assumes that 1.5 cy of sand is needed to create one square foot of new beach (per USACE 1984).
- Accounts for existing beach widths per City surveys in 2023.
- Existing Beach = 1.44 million square feet in area.
- Need to create 4.50 million square feet of new beach.
- $4,500,000 \text{ sf} \times 1.5 \text{ cubic yards/sf} = 6,750,000 \text{ cubic yards}$ of sand needed for nourishment.



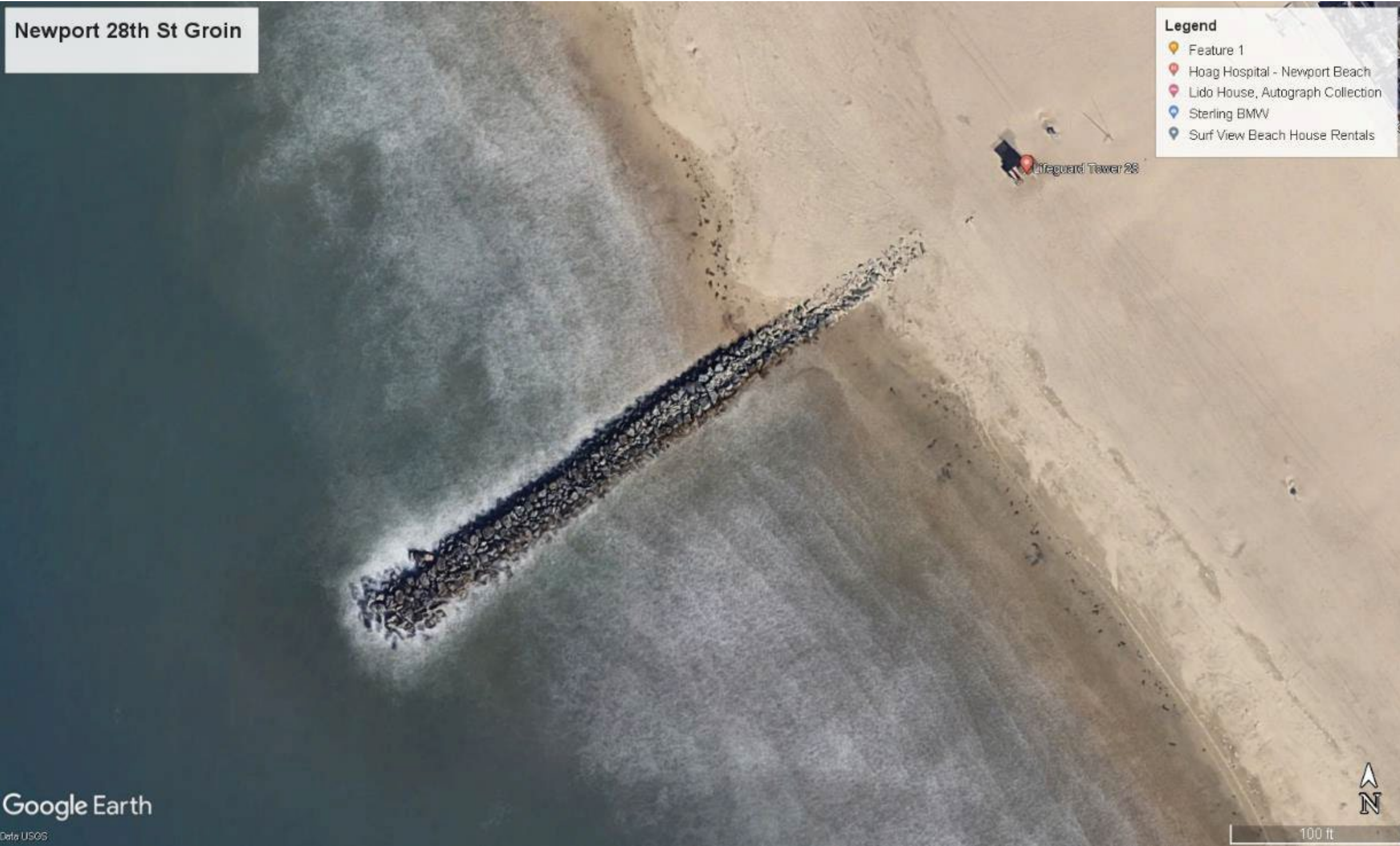
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Phase 1: Sand Retention with Nourishment

- Retention can be either:
 - Shore-perpendicular – Groins, speed bumps, headlands, peninsulas
 - Shore-parallel – Breakwaters, and/or
 - Hybrid (both) - Reefs
- Groins perform best if sand moves in one direction (south)
- Breakwaters work well if sand moves in both directions (south and north)
- Reefs work similar to breakwaters but create less beach

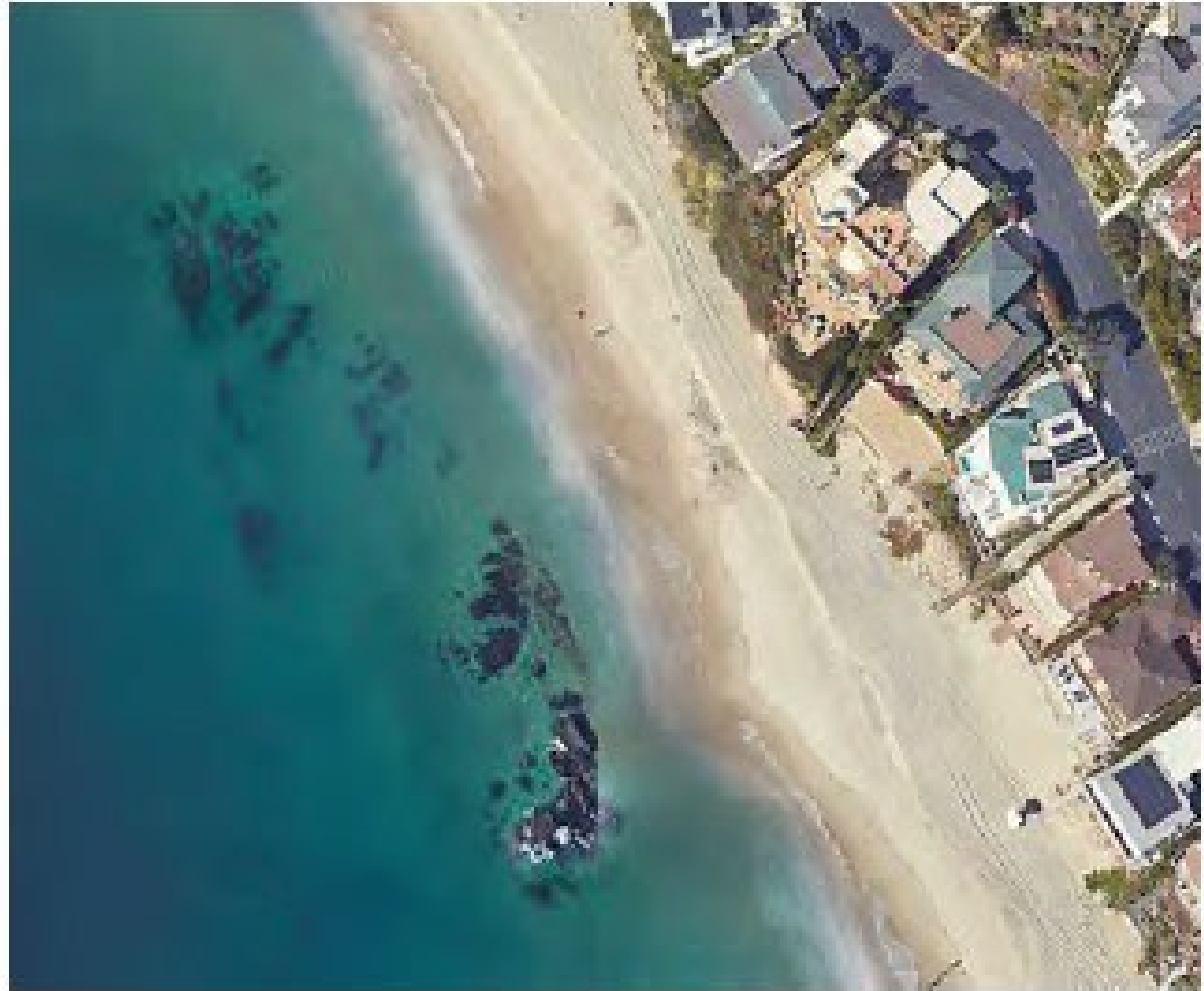
Example of a “Groin” (28th Street, Newport Beach)



**Example of a
Breakwater
(Santa Monica)**



Example of a Reef (Australia)



Source: International Coastal Management, Queensland, Australia

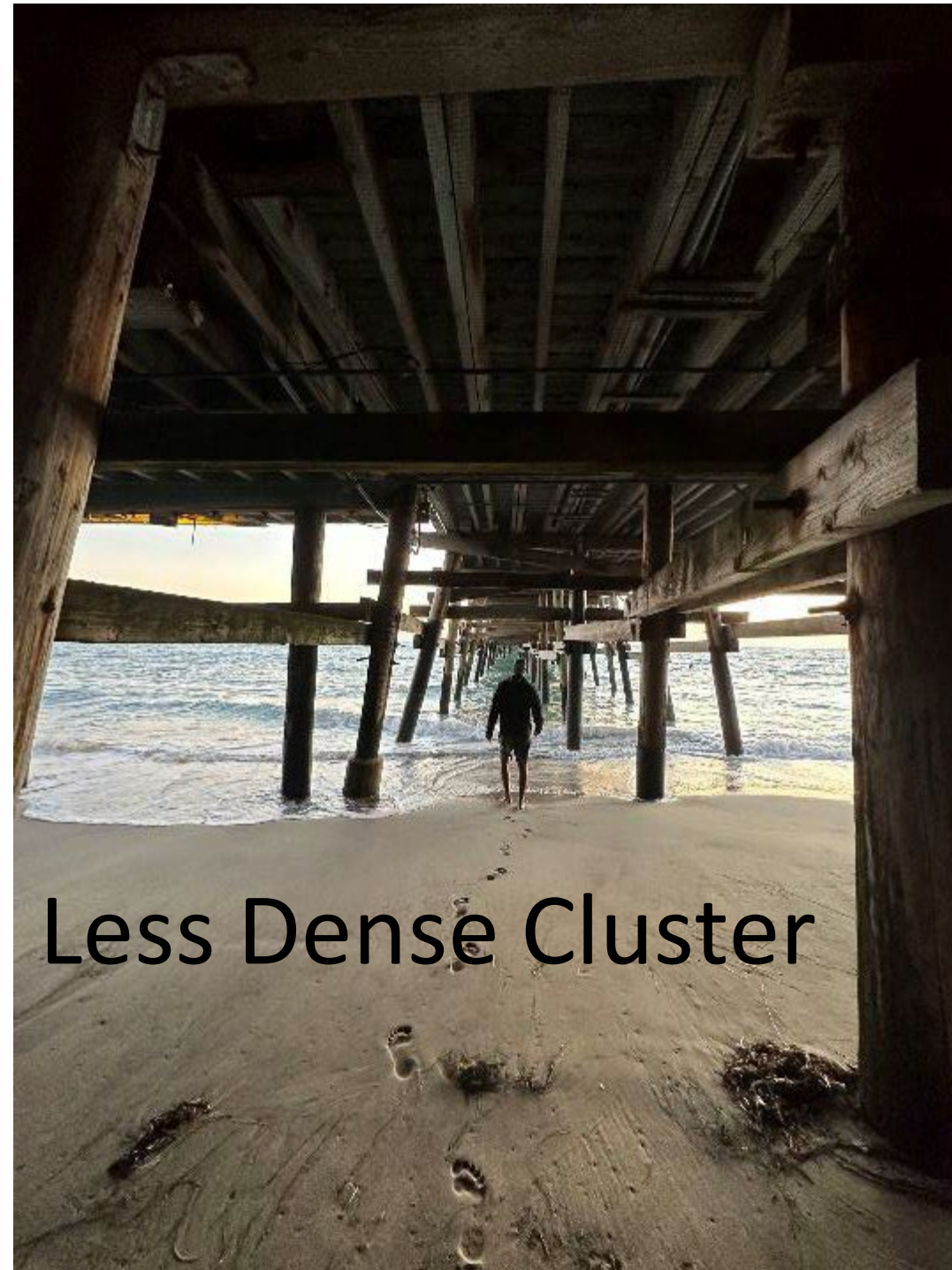
Example Reef With Tombolo (Australia)



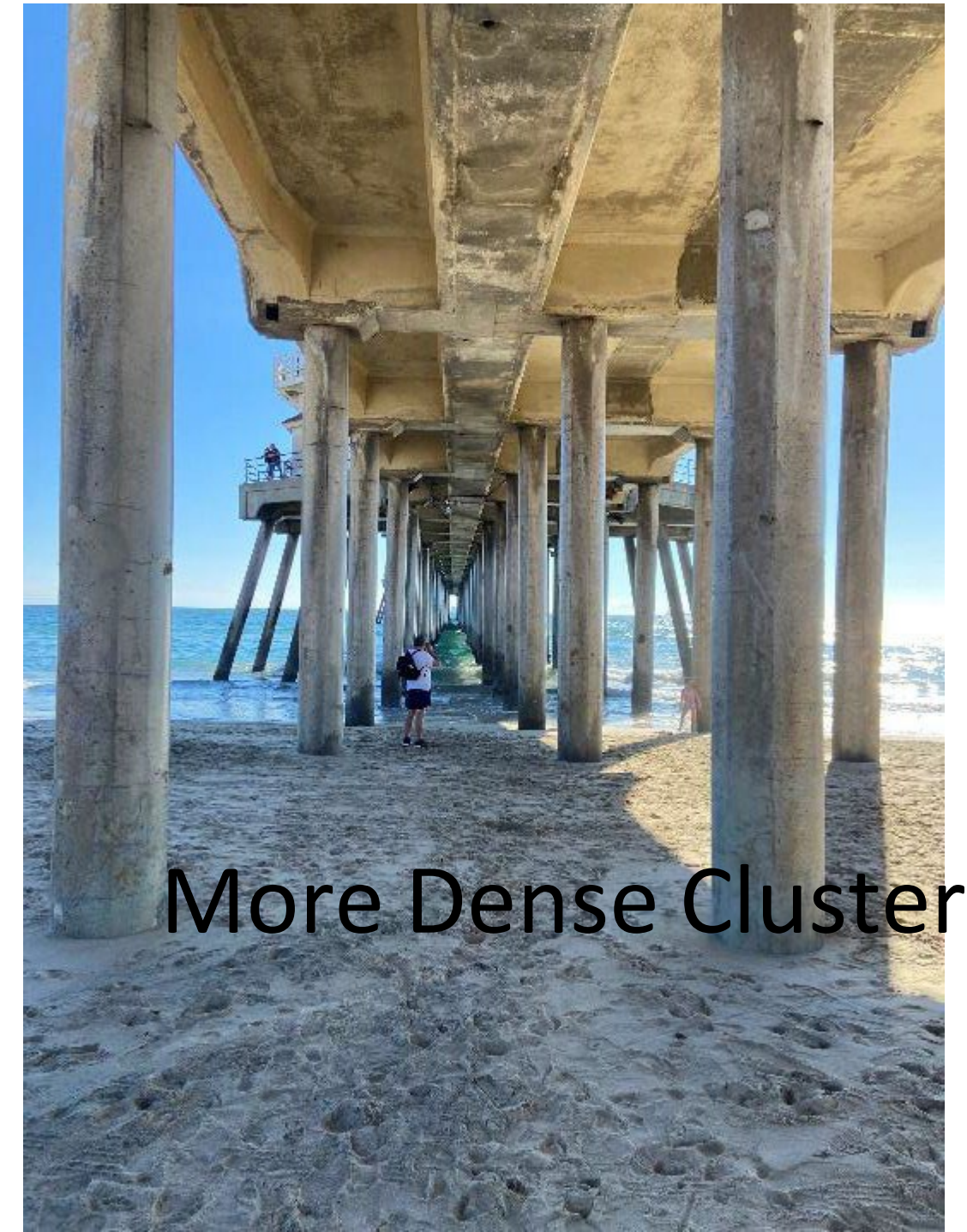
Source: International Coastal Management, Queensland, Australia

Example of A Pier Pile Cluster

San Clemente Pier



Huntington Beach Pier



Pros & Cons

Sand Retention Feature	Orientation to Shore	Best for Sand Movement	Pros	Cons
Shore Perpendicular (headland, peninsula, groin)	Perpendicular, Attached to Shore	In One Direction, Either North or South	Less Expensive, Easier to Remove, Can Create Wide/Long Beach	Lower Probability of Success at San Clemente
Breakwater	Parallel, Offshore	In Both Directions	Higher Probability of Success, Works During SLR, Surf?	More Expensive, Harder to Remove
Reef	Parallel, Offshore	In Both Directions	High Probability of Success if Large, Surfable, Aesthetics	Expensive and Hardest to Remove, High Tide Limits, SLR Limits
Speed Bump	Both, Onshore	Either Way	Least Expensive, Easiest to Remove	Least Effective, Upper Beach Only
Pier Pile Cluster	Perpendicular, Attached to Shore	In Both Directions	Similar Lower Cost, Easy to Remove, Works in SLR	Less Effective than Breakwaters & Reefs



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San Clemente Conditions

- Sand moves in both north and south directions depending on swell.
- Breakwaters would have the best effect and create the largest beaches.
- Reefs would also create beaches but smaller than those behind breakwaters.
- Groins would not work as well as breakwaters.
- Consider breakwaters with surfable edges (hybrid breakwater + reef).



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Phase 1: Sand Retention with Nourishment

- Install Multi-Purpose Breakwaters to Retain Beach Sand.
- Target Locations for Breakwaters: Capistrano Shores, North Beach, and the South End of City Between State Beach and Cottons.
- Determine Priority of Breakwaters at Capistrano Shores, North Beach, and the South End.
- Likely Implement One as a Pilot for Monitoring, then Implement More if Monitoring Shows Positive Results.



Capistrano Shores Mobile Home Park

Capistrano Shores

North

3

3

2





3


3

1

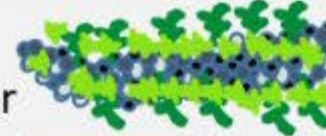



1

1

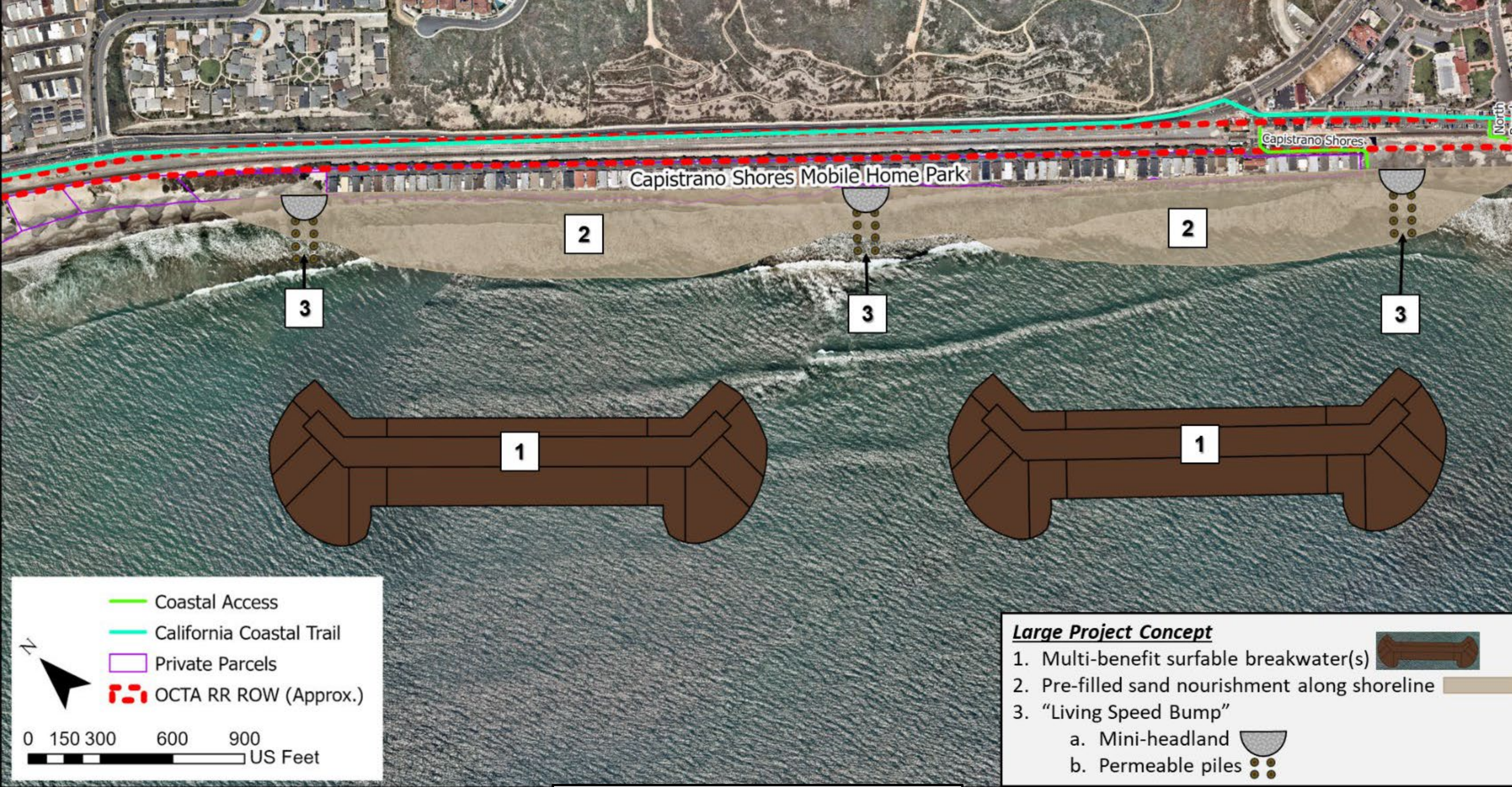
 Coastal Access
 California Coastal Trail
 Private Parcels
 OCTA RR ROW (Approx.)


 0 150 300 600 900
 US Feet

Large Project Concept

1. Segmented partially submerged breakwater 
2. Pre-filled sand nourishment along shoreline 
3. "Living Speed Bump"
 - a. Mini-headland 
 - b. Permeable piles 

Capistrano Shores Reach: Option A



Capistrano Shores Mobile Home Park

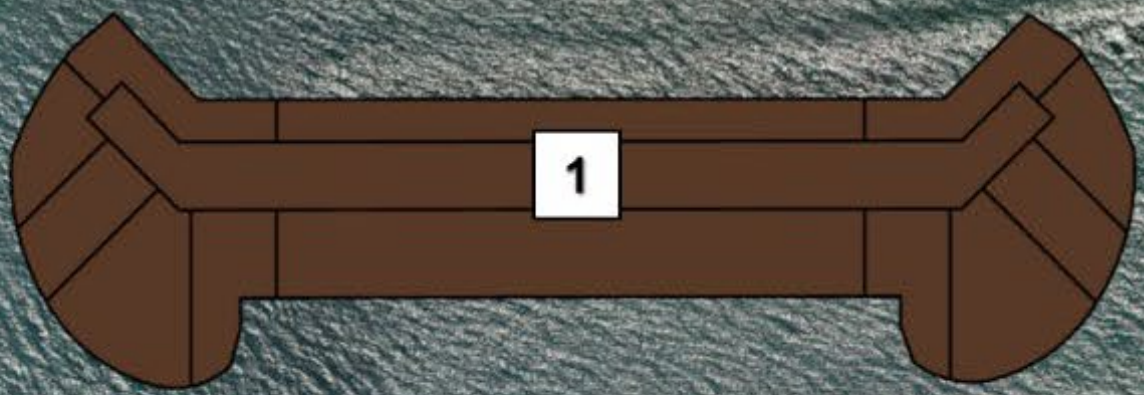
Capistrano Shores



2







2




1


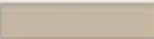




1

 Coastal Access
 California Coastal Trail
 Private Parcels
 OCTA RR ROW (Approx.)


 0 150 300 600 900
 US Feet

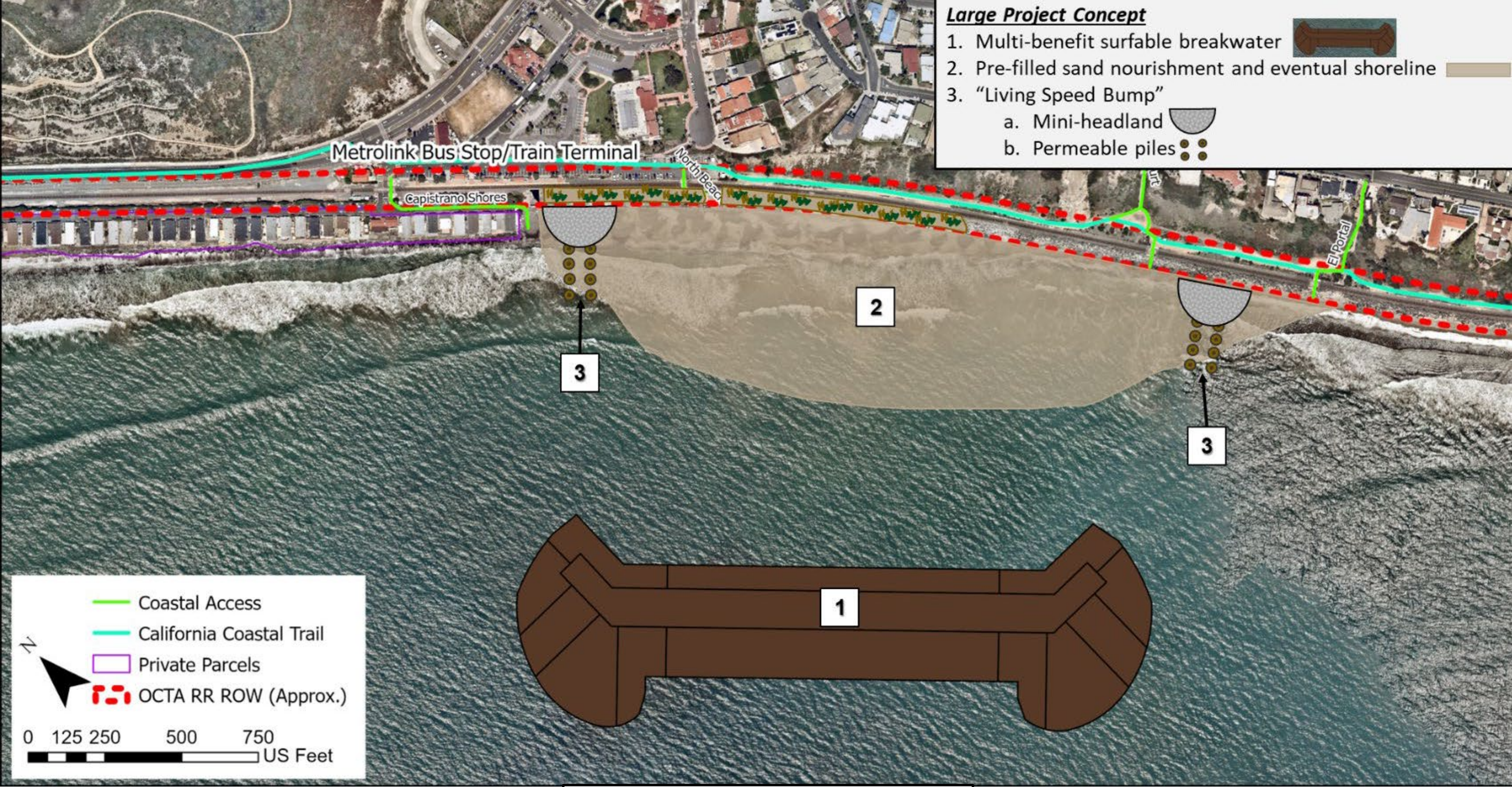
Large Project Concept

1. Multi-benefit surfable breakwater(s) 
 2. Pre-filled sand nourishment along shoreline 
 3. "Living Speed Bump"
 a. Mini-headland 
 b. Permeable piles 

Capistrano Shores Reach: Option B

Large Project Concept



- 1. Multi-benefit surfable breakwater 
- 2. Pre-filled sand nourishment and eventual shoreline 
- 3. "Living Speed Bump"
 - a. Mini-headland 
 - b. Permeable piles 



North Beach Reach





Medium Project Concept

1. "Living Speed Bump"

- 1. Structural headland under pier 
- 2. Additional piles under pier 



Legend:


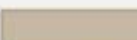
-  Coastal Access
-  California Coastal Trail
-  OCTA RR ROW (Approx.)
-  USACE Beach Fill (Approx.)

Scale: 0 100 200 400 600 US Feet


North Arrow


Linda Lane & Pier Bowl


Large Project Concept


1. Multi-benefit surfable breakwater(s) 
2. Pre-filled sand nourishment and eventual shoreline 





 Coastal Access

 Private Parcels

 State Parks Parcels

 OCTA RR ROW (Approx.)

 Orange/San Diego County Line



0 200 400 800 1,200
US Feet

Cyprus Shore Reach





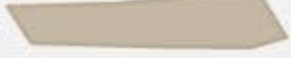
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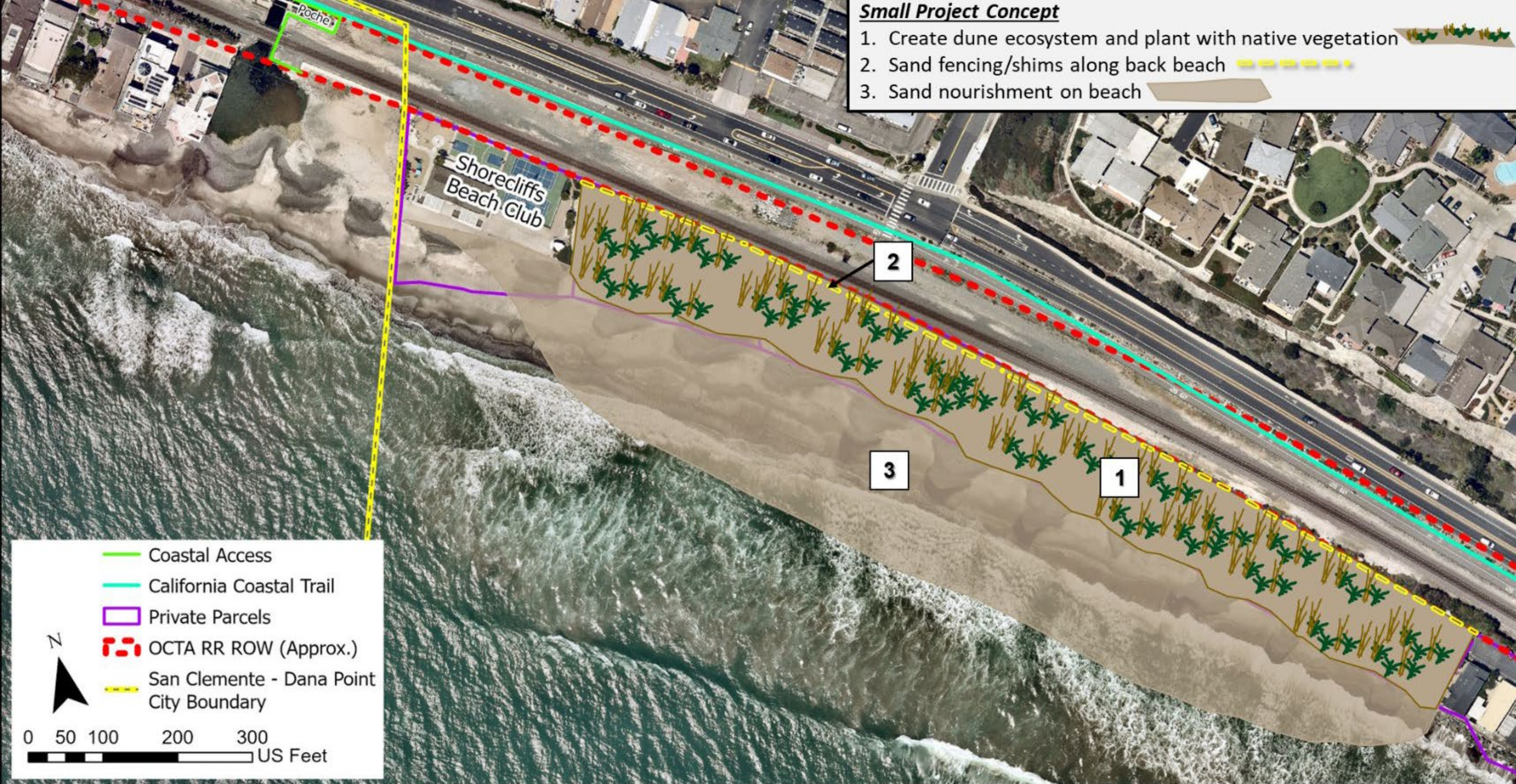


Phase 2: Living Shorelines with Nourishment After Wide Beaches Established

- Longer Term Strategy to Maintain sand supply reserves in the City
- Consider Living Shorelines (Dune Habitat) as Beaches Widen
- Design to maintain access and beach use
- Locate at landward edge of Beach after it is widened
- No Conflict With Recreational Use (beach is wide)
- Target Locations: Shore Cliffs, North Beach, Pier Bowl, and State Beach

Small Project Concept

1. Create dune ecosystem and plant with native vegetation 
2. Sand fencing/shims along back beach 
3. Sand nourishment on beach 



Shorecliffs Reach



Large Project Concept

1. Multi-benefit surfable breakwater (off the page)
2. Pre-filled sand nourishment and eventual shoreline
3. "Living Speed Bump"
 - a. Mini-headland
 - b. Permeable piles
4. Sand fencing/shims along back beach
5. Living shoreline situated at the back of the beach



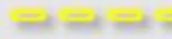

Coastal Access
 California Coastal Trail
 Private Parcels
 OCTA RR ROW (Approx.)

N
 0 50 100 200 300
 US Feet

North Beach Reach







Small-to-Medium Project Concept


1. "Living Speed Bump"
 1. Structural headland under pier 
 2. Additional piles under pier 
2. Passive living shoreline area with educational signage 
 - a. Sand fencing/shims along landward edge 

2

1

This area to directly benefit from USACE nourishment

 Coastal Access
 California Coastal Trail
 OCTA RR ROW (Approx.)
 USACE Beach Fill (Approx.)


 0 100 200 400 600
 US Feet

Linda Lane & Pier Bowl Sub-Reach

Small Project Concept

- 1. Passive living shoreline areas with educational signage
 - a. Sand fencing/shims along landward edges



Legend:

- Coastal Access
- California Coastal Trail
- State Parks Parcels
- OCTA RR ROW (Approx.)
- USACE Beach Fill (Approx.)

0 100 200 400 600 US Feet

This reach is likely the first to receive indirect benefit from USACE nourishment

Boca Del Canon Reach

Small-to-Medium Project Concept

1. Portions of existing vegetation along back-beach converted to living shoreline/dune systems
 - a. Explore various restoration options (e.g., active, passive, hybrid, etc.)



State Beaches Reach

Phases and Timing

PHASES	TIMING
Phase 0 - Large-Scale Beach Sand Nourishment	3 to 7 years – Depends on Funding and Rate of Progress
Phase 1 – Sand Retention with Beach Sand Nourishment	7 to 12 years – Depends on Funding, Progress, Monitoring Results, and Public Support
Phase 2 – Living Shorelines with Beach Sand Nourishment After Wide Beaches Established	7 to 15 years - Depends on Success of Nourishment and Rate of Beach Widening; Can be Concurrent with Sand Retention Projects



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Public Input

The City & Team would like to hear from you!

- Have you had a chance to review exhibits in the room?
- What do you think of the draft design concepts?
- What are your favorites?
- Did we miss any concepts?
- Community feedback is important to this process.



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Listening Session + Q & A



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Upcoming Project Study Deliverables

- Draft Design Concept Report = Publish in Spring 2024
- Draft Nature Based Feasibility Study = Publish Late 2024 / Early 2025
- Final Nature Based Feasibility Study = Publish at end of 2025
- Submit Final Study to Coastal Commission by 12/31/25



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Join the Project Mailing List
LCP@San-Clemente.org

All deliverables available on City Webpage
<https://www.san-clemente.org/LCP>



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Thank you for your time!